# LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM- levothyroxine sodium tablet American Health Packaging

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#### HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use levothyroxine sodium tablets safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for levothyroxine sodium tablets.

#### LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM tablets, for oral use

Initial U.S. Approval: 2002

## WARNING: NOT FOR TREATMENT OF OBESITY OR FOR WEIGHT LOSS

See full prescribing information for complete boxed warning

- Thyroid hormones, including levothyroxine sodium tablets should not be used for the treatment of obesity or for weight loss.
- Doses beyond the range of daily hormonal requirements may produce serious or even life threatening manifestations of toxicity (6,10).

#### ------ INDICATIONS AND USAGE ·----

Levothyroxine sodium tablet is levothyroxine sodium (T4) indicated for:

- Hypothyroidism: As replacement therapy in primary (thyroidal), secondary (pituitary), and tertiary (hypothalamic) congenital or acquired hypothyroidism. (1)
- Pituitary Thyrotropin (Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone, TSH) Suppression: As an adjunct to surgery and radioiodine therapy in the management of thyrotropin-dependent well-differentiated thyroid cancer. (1)

#### Limitations of Use:

- Not indicated for suppression of benign thyroid nodules and nontoxic diffuse goiter in iodine-sufficient patients.
- Not indicated for treatment of hypothyroidism during the recovery phase of subacute thyroiditis.

#### ----- DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION ------

- Administer once daily, preferably on an empty stomach, one-half to one hour before breakfast. (2.1)
- Administer at least 4 hours before or after drugs that are known to interfere with absorption. (2.1)
- Evaluate the need for dose adjustments when regularly administering within one hour of certain foods that may affect absorption. (2.1)
- Starting dose depends on a variety of factors, including age, body weight, cardiovascular status, and concomitant medications. Peak therapeutic effect may not be attained for 4 to 6 weeks. (2.2)
- See full prescribing information for dosing in specific patient populations. (2.3)
- Adequacy of therapy determined with periodic monitoring of TSH and/or T4 as well as clinical status. (2.4)

## ----- DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

Tablets: 25, 50, 75, 88, 100, 112, 125, 137, 150, 175, 200, and 300 mcg (3)

#### ------CONTRAINDICATIONS ------

Uncorrected adrenal insufficiency. (4)

#### ------ WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS -----

- Cardiac adverse reactions in the elderly and in patients with underlying cardiovascular disease: Initiate levothyroxine sodium tablets at less than the full replacement dose because of the increased risk of cardiac adverse reactions, including atrial fibrillation. (2.3, 5.1, 8.5)
- Myxedema coma: Do not use oral thyroid hormone drug products to treat myxedema coma. (5.2)
- Acute adrenal crisis in patients with concomitant adrenal insufficiency: Treat with replacement glucocorticoids prior to initiation of levothyroxine sodium tablets treatment. (5.3)
- Prevention of hyperthyroidism or incomplete treatment of hypothyroidism: Proper dose titration and careful monitoring is critical to prevent the persistence of hypothyroidism or the development of hyperthyroidism. (5.4)
- *Worsening of diabetic control:* Therapy in patients with diabetes mellitus may worsen glycemic control and result in increased antidiabetic agent or insulin requirements. Carefully monitor glycemic control after starting, changing, or discontinuing thyroid hormone therapy. (5.5)
- Decreased bone mineral density associated with thyroid hormone over-replacement: Over-replacement can increase bone resorption and decrease bone mineral density. Give the lowest effective dose. (5.6)

Adverse reactions associated with levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy are primarily those of hyperthyroidism due to therapeutic overdosage: arrhythmias, myocardial infarction, dyspnea, muscle spasm, headache, nervousness, irritability, insomnia, tremors, muscle weakness, increased appetite, weight loss, diarrhea, heat intolerance, menstrual irregularities, and skin rash. (6)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-399-2561 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

See full prescribing information for drugs that affect thyroid hormone pharmacokinetics and metabolism (e.g., absorption, synthesis, secretion, catabolism, protein binding, and target tissue response) and may alter the therapeutic response to levothyroxine sodium tablets. (7)

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Pregnancy may require the use of higher doses of levothyroxine sodium tablets. (2.3, 8.1)

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION.

Revised: 4/2019

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## WARNING: NOT FOR TREATMENT OF OBESITY OR FOR WEIGHT LOSS

Thyroid hormones, including levothyroxine sodium tablets, either alone or with other therapeutic agents, should not be used for the treatment of obesity or for weight loss.

In euthyroid patients, doses within the range of daily hormonal requirements are ineffective for weight reduction.

Larger doses may produce serious or even life threatening manifestations of toxicity, particularly when given in association with sympathomimetic amines such as those used for their anorectic effects [see Adverse Reactions (6), Drug Interactions (7.7), and Overdosage (10)].

## 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

#### Hypothyroidis m

Levothyroxine sodium tablets are indicated as a replacement therapy in primary (thyroidal), secondary (pituitary), and tertiary (hypothalamic) congenital or acquired hypothyroidism.

## Pituitary Thyrotropin (Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone, TSH) Suppression

Levothyroxine sodium tablets are indicated as an adjunct to surgery and radioiodine therapy in the management of thyrotropin-dependent well-differentiated thyroid cancer.

#### Limitations of Use:

- Levothyroxine sodium tablets are not indicated for suppression of benign thyroid nodules and nontoxic diffuse goiter in iodine-sufficient patients as there are no clinical benefits and overtreatment with levothyroxine sodium tablets may induce hyperthyroidism [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)].
- Levothyroxine sodium tablets are not indicated for treatment of hypothyroidism during the recovery phase of subacute thyroiditis.

#### 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### 2.1 General Administration Information

Administer levothyroxine sodium tablets as a single daily dose, on an empty stomach, one-half to one hour before breakfast.

<sup>\*</sup> Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

Administer levothyroxine sodium tablets at least 4 hours before or after drugs known to interfere with levothyroxine sodium tablets absorption [see Drug Interactions (7.1)].

Evaluate the need for dose adjustments when regularly administering within one hour of certain foods that may affect levothyroxine sodium tablets absorption [see Drug Interactions (7.9) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].

Administer levothyroxine sodium tablets to infants and children who cannot swallow intact tablets by crushing the tablet, suspending the freshly crushed tablet in a small amount (5 to 10 mL or 1 to 2 teaspoons) of water and immediately administering the suspension by spoon or dropper. Do not store the suspension. Do not administer in foods that decrease absorption of levothyroxine sodium tablets, such as soybean-based infant formula [see Drug Interactions (7.9)].

# 2.2 General Principles of Dosing

The dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets for hypothyroidism or pituitary TSH suppression depends on a variety of factors including: the patient's age, body weight, cardiovascular status, concomitant medical conditions (including pregnancy), concomitant medications, co-administered food and the specific nature of the condition being treated [see Dosage and Administration (2.3), Warnings and Precautions (5), and Drug Interactions (7)]. Dosing must be individualized to account for these factors and dose adjustments made based on periodic assessment of the patient's clinical response and laboratory parameters [see Dosage and Administration (2.4)].

The peak therapeutic effect of a given dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets may not be attained for 4 to 6 weeks.

# 2.3 Dosing in Specific Patient Populations

Primary Hypothyroidism in Adults and in Adolescents in Whom Growth and Puberty are Complete Start levothyroxine sodium tablets at the full replacement dose in otherwise healthy, non-elderly individuals who have been hypothyroid for only a short time (such as a few months). The average full replacement dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets is approximately 1.6 mcg per kg per day (for example: 100 to 125 mcg per day for a 70 kg adult).

Adjust the dose by 12.5 to 25 mcg increments every 4 to 6 weeks until the patient is clinically euthyroid and the serum TSH returns to normal. Doses greater than 200 mcg per day are seldom required. An inadequate response to daily doses of greater than 300 mcg per day is rare and may indicate poor compliance, malabsorption, drug interactions, or a combination of these factors.

For elderly patients or patients with underlying cardiac disease, start with a dose of 12.5 to 25 mcg per day. Increase the dose every 6 to 8 weeks, as needed until the patient is clinically euthyroid and the serum TSH returns to normal. The full replacement dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets may be less than 1 mcg per kg per day in elderly patients.

In patients with severe longstanding hypothyroidism, start with a dose of 12.5 to 25 mcg per day. Adjust the dose in 12.5 to 25 mcg increments every 2 to 4 weeks until the patient is clinically euthyroid and the serum TSH level is normalized.

#### Secondary or Tertiary Hypothyroidism

Start levothyroxine sodium tablets at the full replacement dose in otherwise healthy, non-elderly individuals. Start with a lower dose in elderly patients, patients with underlying cardiovascular disease or patients with severe longstanding hypothyroidism as described above. Serum TSH is not a reliable measure of levothyroxine sodium tablets dose adequacy in patients with secondary or tertiary hypothyroidism and should not be used to monitor therapy. Use the serum free-T4 level to monitor adequacy of therapy in this patient population. Titrate levothyroxine sodium tablets dosing per above instructions until the patient is clinically euthyroid and the serum free-T4 level is restored to the upper half of the normal range.

Pediatric Dosage - Congenital or Acquired Hypothyroidism

The recommended daily dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets in pediatric patients with hypothyroidism is based on body weight and changes with age as described in Table 1. Start levothyroxine sodium tablets at the full daily dose in most pediatric patients. Start at a lower starting dose in newborns (0 to 3 months) at risk for cardiac failure and in children at risk for hyperactivity (see below). Monitor for clinical and laboratory response [see Dosage and Administration (2.4)].

Table 1. Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets Dosing Guidelines for Pediatric Hypothyroidism

AGE	Daily Dose Per Kg Body Weight*
0 to 3 months	10 to 15 mcg/kg/day
3 to 6 months	8 to 10 mcg/kg/day
6 to 12 months	6 to 8 mcg/kg/day
1 to 5 years	5 to 6 mcg/kg/day
6 to 12 years	4 to 5 mcg/kg/day
Greater than 12 years but growth and puberty incomplete	2 to 3 mcg/kg/day
Growth and puberty complete	1.6 mcg/kg/day

<sup>\*</sup> The dose should be adjusted based on clinical response and laboratory parameters [see Dosage and Administration (2.4) and Use in Specific Populations (8.4)].

*Newborns (0 to 3 months) at risk for cardiac failure:* Consider a lower starting dose in newborns at risk for cardiac failure. Increase the dose every 4 to 6 weeks as needed based on clinical and laboratory response.

Children at risk for hyperactivity: To minimize the risk of hyperactivity in children, start at one-fourth the recommended full replacement dose, and increase on a weekly basis by one-fourth the full recommended replacement dose until the full recommended replacement dose is reached.

## **Pregnancy**

*Pre-existing Hypothyroidism:* Levothyroxine sodium tablets dose requirements may increase during pregnancy. Measure serum TSH and free-T4 as soon as pregnancy is confirmed and, at minimum, during each trimester of pregnancy. In patients with primary hypothyroidism, maintain serum TSH in the trimester-specific reference range. For patients with serum TSH above the normal trimester-specific range, increase the dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets by 12.5 to 25 mcg/day and measure TSH every 4 weeks until a stable levothyroxine sodium tablets dose is reached and serum TSH is within the normal trimester-specific range. Reduce levothyroxine sodium tablets dosage to pre-pregnancy levels immediately after delivery and measure serum TSH levels 4 to 8 weeks postpartum to ensure levothyroxine sodium tablets dose is appropriate.

New Onset Hypothyroidism: Normalize thyroid function as rapidly as possible. In patients with moderate to severe signs and symptoms of hypothyroidism, start levothyroxine sodium tablets at the full replacement dose (1.6 mcg per kg body weight per day). In patients with mild hypothyroidism (TSH < 10 IU per liter) start levothyroxine sodium tablets at 1.0 mcg per kg body weight per day. Evaluate serum TSH every 4 weeks and adjust levothyroxine sodium tablets dosage until a serum TSH is within the normal trimester specific range [see Use in Specific Populations (8.1)].

# TSH Suppression in Well-differentiated Thyroid Cancer

Generally, TSH is suppressed to below 0.1 IU per liter, and this usually requires a levothyroxine sodium tablets dose of greater than 2 mcg per kg per day. However, in patients with high-risk tumors, the target level for TSH suppression may be lower.

## 2.4 Monitoring TSH and/or Thyroxine (T4) Levels

Assess the adequacy of therapy by periodic assessment of laboratory tests and clinical evaluation. Persistent clinical and laboratory evidence of hypothyroidism despite an apparent adequate replacement dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets may be evidence of inadequate absorption, poor compliance, drug

interactions, or a combination of these factors.

#### Adults

In adult patients with primary hypothyroidism, monitor serum TSH levels after an interval of 6 to 8 weeks after any change in dose. In patients on a stable and appropriate replacement dose, evaluate clinical and biochemical response every 6 to 12 months and whenever there is a change in the patient's clinical status.

#### **Pediatrics**

In patients with congenital hypothyroidism, assess the adequacy of replacement therapy by measuring both serum TSH and total or free-T4. Monitor TSH and total or free-T4 in children as follows: 2 and 4 weeks after the initiation of treatment, 2 weeks after any change in dosage, and then every 3 to 12 months thereafter following dose stabilization until growth is completed. Poor compliance or abnormal values may necessitate more frequent monitoring. Perform routine clinical examination, including assessment of development, mental and physical growth, and bone maturation, at regular intervals.

While the general aim of therapy is to normalize the serum TSH level, TSH may not normalize in some patients due to *in utero* hypothyroidism causing a resetting of pituitary-thyroid feedback. Failure of the serum T4 to increase into the upper half of the normal range within 2 weeks of initiation of levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy and/or of the serum TSH to decrease below 20 IU per liter within 4 weeks may indicate the child is not receiving adequate therapy. Assess compliance, dose of medication administered, and method of administration prior to increasing the dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1) and Use in Specific Populations (8.4)].

Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism

Monitor serum free-T4 levels and maintain in the upper half of the normal range in these patients.

## 3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

Levothyroxine sodium tablets USP are round, colored, scored and debossed with following debossing details on one side and break-line on other side. They are supplied as follows:

Tablet Strength	Tablet Color/Shape Debossing Details		
25 mcg	Peach/Round L15		
50 mcg	White/Round L16		
75 mcg	Violet/Round	L17	
88 mcg	Olive/Round	L19	
100 mcg	Yellow/Round	L20	
112 mcg	Rose/Round	Rose/Round L21	
125 mcg	Tan/Round L22		
137 mcg	Turquoise/Round	L23	
150 mcg	Blue/Round	L24	
175 mcg	Lilac/Round	L25	
200 mcg	Pink/Round	L26	
300 mcg	Green/Round	L27	

## **4 CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Levothyroxine sodium tablets are contraindicated in patients with uncorrected adrenal insufficiency [see *Warnings and Precautions (5.3)*].

#### 5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

# 5.1 Cardiac Adverse Reactions in the Elderly and in Patients with Underlying Cardiovascular Disease

Over-treatment with levothyroxine may cause an increase in heart rate, cardiac wall thickness, and cardiac contractility and may precipitate angina or arrhythmias, particularly in patients with cardiovascular disease and in elderly patients. Initiate levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy in this population at lower doses than those recommended in younger individuals or in patients without cardiac disease [see Dosage and Administration (2.3), Use in Specific Populations (8.5)].

Monitor for cardiac arrhythmias during surgical procedures in patients with coronary artery disease receiving suppressive levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy. Monitor patients receiving concomitant levothyroxine sodium tablets and sympathomimetic agents for signs and symptoms of coronary insufficiency.

If cardiac symptoms develop or worsen, reduce the levothyroxine sodium tablets dose or withhold for one week and restart at a lower dose.

## 5.2 Myxedema Coma

Myxedema coma is a life-threatening emergency characterized by poor circulation and hypometabolism, and may result in unpredictable absorption of levothyroxine sodium from the gastrointestinal tract. Use of oral thyroid hormone drug products is not recommended to treat myxedema coma. Administer thyroid hormone products formulated for intravenous administration to treat myxedema coma.

# 5.3 Acute Adrenal Crisis in Patients with Concomitant Adrenal Insufficiency

Thyroid hormone increases metabolic clearance of glucocorticoids. Initiation of thyroid hormone therapy prior to initiating glucocorticoid therapy may precipitate an acute adrenal crisis in patients with adrenal insufficiency. Treat patients with adrenal insufficiency with replacement glucocorticoids prior to initiating treatment with levothyroxine sodium tablets [see Contraindications (4)].

# ${\bf 5.4\ Prevention\ of\ Hyperthyroid is\ m\ or\ Incomplete\ Treatment\ of\ Hypothyroid is\ m}$

Levothyroxine sodium tablet has a narrow therapeutic index. Over- or undertreatment with levothyroxine sodium tablets may have negative effects on growth and development, cardiovascular function, bone metabolism, reproductive function, cognitive function, emotional state, gastrointestinal function, and glucose and lipid metabolism. Titrate the dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets carefully and monitor response to titration to avoid these effects [see Dosage and Administration (2.4)]. Monitor for the presence of drug or food interactions when using levothyroxine sodium tablets and adjust the dose as necessary [see Drug Interactions (7.9) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].

# 5.5 Worsening of Diabetic Control

Addition of levothyroxine therapy in patients with diabetes mellitus may worsen glycemic control and result in increased antidiabetic agent or insulin requirements. Carefully monitor glycemic control after starting, changing, or discontinuing levothyroxine sodium tablets [see Drug Interactions (7.2)].

# 5.6 Decreased Bone Mineral Density Associated with Thyroid Hormone Over-Replacement

Increased bone resorption and decreased bone mineral density may occur as a result of levothyroxine over-replacement, particularly in post-menopausal women. The increased bone resorption may be associated with increased serum levels and urinary excretion of calcium and phosphorous, elevations in bone alkaline phosphatase, and suppressed serum parathyroid hormone levels. Administer the minimum dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets that achieves the desired clinical and biochemical response to mitigate this risk.

Adverse reactions associated with levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy are primarily those of hyperthyroidism due to therapeutic overdosage [see Warnings and Precautions (5), Overdosage (10)]. They include the following:

- *General:* fatigue, increased appetite, weight loss, heat intolerance, fever, excessive sweating
- *Central nervous system:* headache, hyperactivity, nervousness, anxiety, irritability, emotional lability, insomnia
- *Musculoskeletal:* tremors, muscle weakness, muscle spasm
- *Cardiovascular:* palpitations, tachycardia, arrhythmias, increased pulse and blood pressure, heart failure, angina, myocardial infarction, cardiac arrest
- Respiratory: dyspnea
- *Gastrointestinal:* diarrhea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, elevations in liver function tests
- *Dermatologic:* hair loss, flushing, rash
- Endocrine: decreased bone mineral density
- *Reproductive*: menstrual irregularities, impaired fertility

Seizures have been reported rarely with the institution of levothyroxine therapy.

## **Adverse Reactions in Children**

Pseudotumor cerebri and slipped capital femoral epiphysis have been reported in children receiving levothyroxine therapy. Overtreatment may result in craniosynostosis in infants and premature closure of the epiphyses in children with resultant compromised adult height.

# **Hypersensitivity Reactions**

Hypersensitivity reactions to inactive ingredients have occurred in patients treated with thyroid hormone products. These include urticaria, pruritus, skin rash, flushing, angioedema, various gastrointestinal symptoms (abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea), fever, arthralgia, serum sickness, and wheezing. Hypersensitivity to levothyroxine itself is not known to occur.

## 7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

# 7.1 Drugs Known to Affect Thyroid Hormone Pharmacokinetics

Many drugs can exert effects on thyroid hormone pharmacokinetics and metabolism (e.g., absorption, synthesis, secretion, catabolism, protein binding, and target tissue response) and may alter the therapeutic response to levothyroxine sodium tablets (see Tables 2 to 5 below).

Table 2. Drugs That May Decrease T4 Absorption (Hypothyroidism)

Potential impact: Concurrent use may reduce the efficacy of levothyroxine sodium tablets by binding and delaying or preventing absorption, potentially resulting in hypothyroidism.			
Drug or Drug Class	Effect		
Calcium Carbonate	Calcium carbonate may form an insoluble chelate with levothyroxine, and		
Ferrous Sulfate	ferrous sulfate likely forms a ferric-thyroxine complex. Administer levothyroxine sodium tablets at least 4 hours apart from these agents.		
Orlistat	Monitor patients treated concomitantly with orlistat and levothyroxine sodium tablets for changes in thyroid function.		
<ul><li>Bile Acid Sequestrants</li><li>Colesevelam</li><li>Cholestyramine</li><li>Colestipol</li></ul>	Bile acid sequestrants and ion exchange resins are known to decrease levothyroxine absorption. Administer levothyroxine sodium tablets at least 4 hours prior to these drugs or monitor TSH levels.		
Ion Exchange Resins  ■ Kayexalate			

• Sevelamer	
Other drugs: Proton Pump Inhibitors Sucralfate Antacids  • Aluminum & Magnesium Hydroxides  • Simethicone	Gastric acidity is an essential requirement for adequate absorption of levothyroxine. Sucralfate, antacids and proton pump inhibitors may cause hypochlorhydria, affect intragastric pH, and reduce levothyroxine absorption. Monitor patients appropriately.

Table 3. Drugs That May Alter T4 and Triiodothyronine (T3) Serum Transport Without Affecting Free Thyroxine (FT4) Concentration (Euthyroidism)

<b>Drug or Drug Class</b>	Effect
Clofibrate	These drugs may increase serum thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG)
Estrogen-containing	concentration.
oral contraceptives	
Estrogens (oral)	
Heroin / Methadone	
5-Fluorouracil	
Mitotane	
Tamoxifen	
Androgens /	These drugs may decrease serum TBG concentration.
Anabolic Steroids	
Asparaginase	
Glucocorticoids	
Slow-Release	
Nicotinic Acid	
	w): Administration of these agents with levothyroxine sodium tablets results in an
	se in FT4. Continued administration results in a decrease in serum T4 and normal
FT4 and TSH concent	
Salicylates (> 2	Salicylates inhibit binding of T4 and T3 to TBG and transthyretin. An initial
g/day)	increase in serum FT4 is followed by return of FT4 to normal levels with
	sustained therapeutic serum salicylate concentrations, although total T4 levels
	may decrease by as much as 30%.
Other drugs:	These drugs may cause protein-binding site displacement. Furosemide has been
	shown to inhibit the protein binding of T4 to TBG and albumin, causing an
, ,	increase free T4 fraction in serum. Furosemide competes for T4-binding sites on
IV)	TBG, prealbumin, and albumin, so that a single high dose can acutely lower the
Heparin	total T4 level. Phenytoin and carbamazepine reduce serum protein binding of
	levothyroxine, and total and free T4 may be reduced by 20% to 40%, but most
	patients have normal serum TSH levels and are clinically euthyroid. Closely
inflammatory Drugs	monitor thyroid hormone parameters.
• Fenamates	

Table 4. Drugs That May Alter Hepatic Metabolism of T4 (Hypothyroidism)

Potential impact: Stimulation of hepatic microsomal drug-metabolizing enzyme activity may cause increased hepatic degradation of levothyroxine, resulting in increased levothyroxine sodium tablets requirements.

Drug or Drug Class	Effect
Phenobarbital Rifampin	Phenobarbital has been shown to reduce the response to thyroxine. Phenobarbital increases L-thyroxine metabolism by inducing uridine 5'-diphosphoglucuronosyltransferase (UGT) and leads to a lower T4 serum levels. Changes in thyroid status may occur if barbiturates are added or withdrawn from patients being treated for hypothyroidism. Rifampin has been shown to accelerate the metabolism of levothyroxine.

Table 5. Drugs That May Decrease Conversion of T4 to T3

Potential impact: Administration of these enzyme inhibitors decreases the peripheral conversion of T4 to T3, leading to decreased T3 levels. However, serum T4 levels are usually normal but may occasionally be slightly increased.

Drug or Drug Class	Effect		
Beta-adrenergic	In patients treated with large doses of propranolol (> 160 mg/day), T3 and T4		
antagonists	levels change, TSH levels remain normal, and patients are clinically euthyroid.		
(e.g., Propranolol > 160	Actions of particular beta-adrenergic antagonists may be impaired when a		
mg/day)	hypothyroid patient is converted to the euthyroid state.		
Glucocorticoids	Short-term administration of large doses of glucocorticoids may decrease		
(e.g., Dexamethasone	serum T3 concentrations by 30% with minimal change in serum T4 levels.		
≥ 4 mg/day)	However, long-term glucocorticoid therapy may result in slightly decreased		
	T3 and T4 levels due to decreased TBG production (See above).		
Other drugs:	Amiodarone inhibits peripheral conversion of levothyroxine (T4) to		
Amiodarone	triiodothyronine (T3) and may cause isolated biochemical changes (increase in		
	serum free-T4, and decreased or normal free-T3) in clinically euthyroid		
	patients.		

# 7.2 Antidiabetic Therapy

Addition of levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy in patients with diabetes mellitus may worsen glycemic control and result in increased antidiabetic agent or insulin requirements. Carefully monitor glycemic control, especially when thyroid therapy is started, changed, or discontinued [see Warnings and Precautions (5.5)].

# 7.3 Oral Anticoagulants

Levothyroxine sodium tablet increases the response to oral anticoagulant therapy. Therefore, a decrease in the dose of anticoagulant may be warranted with correction of the hypothyroid state or when the levothyroxine sodium tablets dose is increased. Closely monitor coagulation tests to permit appropriate and timely dosage adjustments.

# 7.4 Digitalis Glycosides

Levothyroxine sodium tablets may reduce the therapeutic effects of digitalis glycosides. Serum digitalis glycoside levels may decrease when a hypothyroid patient becomes euthyroid, necessitating an increase in the dose of digitalis glycosides.

## 7.5 Antidepressant Therapy

Concurrent use of tricyclic (e.g., amitriptyline) or tetracyclic (e.g., maprotiline) antidepressants and levothyroxine sodium tablets may increase the therapeutic and toxic effects of both drugs, possibly due to increased receptor sensitivity to catecholamines. Toxic effects may include increased risk of cardiac arrhythmias and central nervous system stimulation. Levothyroxine sodium tablets may accelerate the onset of action of tricyclics. Administration of sertraline in patients stabilized on levothyroxine sodium

tablets may result in increased levothyroxine sodium tablets requirements.

#### 7.6 Ketamine

Concurrent use of ketamine and levothyroxine sodium tablets may produce marked hypertension and tachycardia. Closely monitor blood pressure and heart rate in these patients.

# 7.7 Sympathomimetics

Concurrent use of sympathomimetics and levothyroxine sodium tablets may increase the effects of sympathomimetics or thyroid hormone. Thyroid hormones may increase the risk of coronary insufficiency when sympathomimetic agents are administered to patients with coronary artery disease.

# 7.8 Tyrosine-Kinase Inhibitors

Concurrent use of tyrosine-kinase inhibitors such as imatinib may cause hypothyroidism. Closely monitor TSH levels in such patients.

# 7.9 Drug-Food Interactions

Consumption of certain foods may affect levothyroxine sodium tablets absorption thereby necessitating adjustments in dosing [see Dosage and Administration (2.1)]. Soybean flour, cottonseed meal, walnuts, and dietary fiber may bind and decrease the absorption of levothyroxine sodium tablets from the gastrointestinal tract. Grapefruit juice may delay the absorption of levothyroxine and reduce its bioavailability.

# 7.10 Drug-Laboratory Test Interactions

Consider changes in TBG concentration when interpreting T4 and T3 values. Measure and evaluate unbound (free) hormone and/or determine the free-T4 index (FT4I) in this circumstance. Pregnancy, infectious hepatitis, estrogens, estrogen-containing oral contraceptives, and acute intermittent porphyria increase TBG concentration. Nephrosis, severe hypoproteinemia, severe liver disease, acromegaly, androgens, and corticosteroids decrease TBG concentration. Familial hyper- or hypo-thyroxine binding globulinemias have been described, with the incidence of TBG deficiency approximating 1 in 9000.

#### **8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS**

# 8.1 Pregnancy

Risk Summary

Experience with levothyroxine use in pregnant women, including data from post-marketing studies, have not reported increased rates of major birth defects or miscarriages [see Data]. There are risks to the mother and fetus associated with untreated hypothyroidism in pregnancy. Since TSH levels may increase during pregnancy, TSH should be monitored and levothyroxine sodium tablets dosage adjusted during pregnancy [see Clinical Considerations]. There are no animal studies conducted with levothyroxine during pregnancy. Levothyroxine sodium tablets should not be discontinued during pregnancy and hypothyroidism diagnosed during pregnancy should be promptly treated.

The estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage for the indicated population is unknown. In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2 to 4% and 15 to 20%, respectively.

# Clinical Considerations

Disease-Associated Maternal and/or Embryo/Fetal Risk

Maternal hypothyroidism during pregnancy is associated with a higher rate of complications, including spontaneous abortion, gestational hypertension, pre-eclampsia, stillbirth, and premature delivery. Untreated maternal hypothyroidism may have an adverse effect on fetal neurocognitive development.

Dose Adjustments During Pregnancy and the Postpartum Period

Pregnancy may increase levothyroxine sodium tablets requirements. Serum TSH levels should be monitored and the levothyroxine sodium tablets dosage adjusted during pregnancy. Since postpartum TSH levels are similar to preconception values, the levothyroxine sodium tablets dosage should return to the pre-pregnancy dose immediately after delivery [see Dosage and Administration (2.3)].

Data

Human Data

Levothyroxine is approved for use as a replacement therapy for hypothyroidism. There is a long experience of levothyroxine use in pregnant women, including data from post-marketing studies that have not reported increased rates of fetal malformations, miscarriages or other adverse maternal or fetal outcomes associated with levothyroxine use in pregnant women.

## 8.2 Lactation

# Risk Summary

Limited published studies report that levothyroxine is present in human milk. However, there is insufficient information to determine the effects of levothyroxine on the breastfed infant and no available information on the effects of levothyroxine on milk production. Adequate levothyroxine treatment during lactation may normalize milk production in hypothyroid lactating mothers. The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for levothyroxine sodium tablets and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from levothyroxine sodium tablets or from the underlying maternal condition.

#### 8.4 Pediatric Use

The initial dose of levothyroxine sodium tablets varies with age and body weight. Dosing adjustments are based on an assessment of the individual patient's clinical and laboratory parameters [see Dosage and Administration (2.3, 2.4)].

In children in whom a diagnosis of permanent hypothyroidism has not been established, discontinue levothyroxine sodium tablets administration for a trial period, but only after the child is at least 3 years of age. Obtain serum T4 and TSH levels at the end of the trial period, and use laboratory test results and clinical assessment to guide diagnosis and treatment, if warranted.

# Congenital Hypothyroidism[See Dosage and Administration (2.3, 2.4)]

Rapid restoration of normal serum T4 concentrations is essential for preventing the adverse effects of congenital hypothyroidism on intellectual development as well as on overall physical growth and maturation. Therefore, initiate levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy immediately upon diagnosis. Levothyroxine is generally continued for life in these patients.

Closely monitor infants during the first 2 weeks of levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy for cardiac overload, arrhythmias, and aspiration from avid suckling.

Closely monitor patients to avoid undertreatment or overtreatment. Undertreatment may have deleterious effects on intellectual development and linear growth. Overtreatment is associated with craniosynostosis in infants, may adversely affect the tempo of brain maturation, and may accelerate the bone age and result in premature epiphyseal closure and compromised adult stature.

#### Acquired Hypothyroidism in Pediatric Patients

Closely monitor patients to avoid undertreatment and overtreatment. Undertreatment may result in poor school performance due to impaired concentration and slowed mentation and in reduced adult height. Overtreatment may accelerate the bone age and result in premature epiphyseal closure and compromised adult stature.

Treated children may manifest a period of catch-up growth, which may be adequate in some cases to normalize adult height. In children with severe or prolonged hypothyroidism, catch-up growth may not be adequate to normalize adult height.

#### 8.5 Geriatric Use

Because of the increased prevalence of cardiovascular disease among the elderly, initiate levothyroxine sodium tablets at less than the full replacement dose [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1) and Dosage and Administration (2.3)]. Atrial arrhythmias can occur in elderly patients. Atrial fibrillation is the most common of the arrhythmias observed with levothyroxine overtreatment in the elderly.

#### 10 OVERDOSAGE

The signs and symptoms of overdosage are those of hyperthyroidism [see Warnings and Precautions (5) and Adverse Reactions (6)]. In addition, confusion and disorientation may occur. Cerebral embolism, shock, coma, and death have been reported. Seizures occurred in a 3-year old child ingesting 3.6 mg of levothyroxine. Symptoms may not necessarily be evident or may not appear until several days after ingestion of levothyroxine sodium.

Reduce the levothyroxine sodium tablets dose or discontinue temporarily if signs or symptoms of overdosage occur. Initiate appropriate supportive treatment as dictated by the patient's medical status.

For current information on the management of poisoning or overdosage, contact the National Poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222 or www.poison.org.

## 11 DESCRIPTION

Levothyroxine sodium tablets USP contain synthetic crystalline L-3,3',5,5' tetraiodothyronine sodium salt [levothyroxine (T4) sodium]. Synthetic T4 is chemically identical to that produced in the human thyroid gland. Levothyroxine (T4) sodium has an empirical formula of C  $_{15}$ H  $_{10}$ I  $_{4}$ N NaO  $_{4}$ •xH  $_{2}$ O, molecular weight of 798.85 (anhydrous), and structural formula as shown:

Levothyroxine sodium tablets USP for oral administration are supplied in the following strengths: 25 mcg, 50 mcg, 75 mcg, 88 mcg, 100 mcg, 112 mcg, 125 mcg, 137 mcg, 150 mcg, 175 mcg, 200 mcg, and 300 mcg. Each levothyroxine sodium tablets USP contains the inactive ingredients corn starch, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, mannitol and sodium bicarbonate. Table 6 provides a listing of the color additives by tablet strength:

Strength (mcg)	Color additive(s)		
25	FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake *		
50	FD&C Blue 1 Aluminum Lake		
75	FD&C Red No. 40 Aluminum Lake, FD&C Blue No. 2 Aluminum		
	Lake		
88	FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake *, FD&C Blue No. 1		
	Aluminum Lake, D&C Yellow No. 10 Aluminum Lake		
100	FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake *, D&C Yellow No. 10		
	Aluminum Lake		

112	D&C Red No 27 Aluminum Lake		
125	FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake *, FD&C Blue No. 1		
	Aluminum Lake, FD&C Red No. 40 Aluminum Lake, FD&C Blue		
	No. 2 Aluminum Lake		
137	FD&C Blue No. 1 Aluminum Lake		
150	FD&C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake		
175	FD&C Blue No. 1 Aluminum Lake, D&C Red No. 27 Aluminum		
	Lake		
200	FD&C Red No. 40 Aluminum Lake		
300	FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake *, FD&C Blue No. 1		
	Aluminum Lake, D&C Yellow No. 10 Aluminum Lake		

<sup>\*</sup> Note – FD&C Yellow No. 6 is peach in color.

#### 12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

#### 12.1 Mechanism of Action

Thyroid hormones exert their physiologic actions through control of DNA transcription and protein synthesis. Triiodothyronine (T3) and L-thyroxine (T4) diffuse into the cell nucleus and bind to thyroid receptor proteins attached to DNA. This hormone nuclear receptor complex activates gene transcription and synthesis of messenger RNA and cytoplasmic proteins.

The physiological actions of thyroid hormones are produced predominantly by T3, the majority of which (approximately 80%) is derived from T4 by deiodination in peripheral tissues.

## 12.2 Pharmacodynamics

Oral levothyroxine sodium is a synthetic T4 hormone that exerts the same physiologic effect as endogenous T4, thereby maintaining normal T4 levels when a deficiency is present.

#### 12.3 Pharmacokinetics

# **Absorption**

Absorption of orally administered T4 from the gastrointestinal tract ranges from 40% to 80%. The majority of the levothyroxine sodium tablets dose is absorbed from the jejunum and upper ileum. The relative bioavailability of levothyroxine sodium tablets, compared to an equal nominal dose of oral levothyroxine sodium solution, is approximately 93%. T4 absorption is increased by fasting, and decreased in malabsorption syndromes and by certain foods such as soybeans. Dietary fiber decreases bioavailability of T4. Absorption may also decrease with age. In addition, many drugs and foods affect T4 absorption [see Drug Interactions (7)].

#### Distribution

Circulating thyroid hormones are greater than 99% bound to plasma proteins, including thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), thyroxine-binding prealbumin (TBPA), and albumin (TBA), whose capacities and affinities vary for each hormone. The higher affinity of both TBG and TBPA for T4 partially explains the higher serum levels, slower metabolic clearance, and longer half-life of T4 compared to T3. Protein-bound thyroid hormones exist in reverse equilibrium with small amounts of free hormone. Only unbound hormone is metabolically active. Many drugs and physiologic conditions affect the binding of thyroid hormones to serum proteins [see Drug Interactions (7)]. Thyroid hormones do not readily cross the placental barrier [see Use in Specific Populations (8.1)].

#### Elimination

## Metabolism

T4 is slowly eliminated (see Table 7). The major pathway of thyroid hormone metabolism is through sequential deiodination. Approximately 80% of circulating T3 is derived from peripheral T4 by

monodeiodination. The liver is the major site of degradation for both T4 and T3, with T4 deiodination also occurring at a number of additional sites, including the kidney and other tissues. Approximately 80% of the daily dose of T4 is deiodinated to yield equal amounts of T3 and reverse T3 (rT3). T3 and rT3 are further deiodinated to diiodothyronine. Thyroid hormones are also metabolized via conjugation with glucuronides and sulfates and excreted directly into the bile and gut where they undergo enterohepatic recirculation.

#### Excretion

Thyroid hormones are primarily eliminated by the kidneys. A portion of the conjugated hormone reaches the colon unchanged and is eliminated in the feces. Approximately 20% of T4 is eliminated in the stool. Urinary excretion of T4 decreases with age.

Table 7. Pharmacokinetic Parameters of Thyroid Hormones in Euthyroid Patients

Hormone	Ratio in Thyroglobulin	<b>Biologic Potency</b>	t <sub>1/2</sub> (days)	Protein Binding (%)
Levothyroxine (T4)	10 to 20	1	6 to 7 <sup>†</sup>	99.96
Liothyronine (T3)	1	4	≤ 2	99.5

<sup>\*</sup> Includes TBG, TBPA, and TBA

#### 13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

## 13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Standard animal studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential, mutagenic potential or effects on fertility of levothyroxine.

## 16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

Levothyroxine sodium tablets USP are round, colored, scored and debossed with following debossing details on one side and break-line on other side.

Strength	Color/Shape	_	Supplied as:
(mcg)		Details	
25	Peach/Round	L15	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-453-01
50	White/Round	L16	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-464- 01
75	Violet/Round	L17	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-475-01
88	Olive/Round	L19	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-486- 01
100	Yellow/Round	L20	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-497-01
112	Rose/Round	L21	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-508-01
125	Tan/Round	L22	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-519-01
137	Turquoise/Round	L23	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-563-01
150	Blue/Round	L24	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-530-01
175	Lilac/Round	L25	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-541-01
200	Pink/Round	L26	Unit dose packages of 100 (10 x 10) NDC 60687-552-01

#### **Storage Conditions**

Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30° C (59° to 86° F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Levothyroxine sodium tablets USP should be protected from light and moisture.

<sup>† 3</sup> to 4 days in hyperthyroidism, 9 to 10 days in hypothyroidism

#### 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

# Inform the patient of the following information to aid in the safe and effective use of *levothyroxine* sodium tablets:

## Dosing and Administration

- Instruct patients to take levothyroxine sodium tablets only as directed by their healthcare provider.
- Instruct patients to take levothyroxine sodium tablets as a single dose, preferably on an empty stomach, one-half to one hour before breakfast.
- Inform patients that agents such as iron and calcium supplements and antacids can decrease the absorption of levothyroxine. Instruct patients not to take levothyroxine sodium tablets within 4 hours of these agents.
- Instruct patients to notify their healthcare provider if they are pregnant or breastfeeding or are thinking of becoming pregnant while taking levothyroxine sodium tablets.

# **Important Information**

- Inform patients that it may take several weeks before they notice an improvement in symptoms.
- Inform patients that the levothyroxine in levothyroxine sodium tablet is intended to replace a hormone that is normally produced by the thyroid gland. Generally, replacement therapy is to be taken for life.
- Inform patients that levothyroxine sodium tablets should not be used as a primary or adjunctive therapy in a weight control program.
- Instruct patients to notify their healthcare provider if they are taking any other medications, including prescription and over-the-counter preparations.
- Instruct patients to notify their physician of any other medical conditions they may have, particularly heart disease, diabetes, clotting disorders, and adrenal or pituitary gland problems, as the dose of medications used to control these other conditions may need to be adjusted while they are taking levothyroxine sodium tablets. If they have diabetes, instruct patients to monitor their blood and/or urinary glucose levels as directed by their physician and immediately report any changes to their physician. If patients are taking anticoagulants, their clotting status should be checked frequently.
- Instruct patients to notify their physician or dentist that they are taking levothyroxine sodium tablets prior to any surgery.

## **Adverse Reactions**

- Instruct patients to notify their healthcare provider if they experience any of the following symptoms: rapid or irregular heartbeat, chest pain, shortness of breath, leg cramps, headache, nervousness, irritability, sleeplessness, tremors, change in appetite, weight gain or loss, vomiting, diarrhea, excessive sweating, heat intolerance, fever, changes in menstrual periods, hives or skin rash, or any other unusual medical event.
- Inform patients that partial hair loss may occur rarely during the first few months of levothyroxine sodium tablets therapy, but this is usually temporary.

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

American Health Packaging unit dose blisters (see How Supplied section) contain drug product from Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. as follows:

(25 mcg / 100 UD) NDC 60687-453-01 packaged from NDC 68180-965

(50 mcg / 100 UD) NDC 60687-464-01 packaged from NDC 68180-966

(75 mcg / 100 UD) NDC 60687-475-01 packaged from NDC 68180-967

(88 mcg / 100 UD) NDC 60687-486-01 packaged from NDC 68180-968

 $\begin{array}{l} (100\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}497\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}969\\ (112\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}508\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}970\\ (125\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}519\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}971\\ (137\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}563\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}972\\ (150\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}530\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}973\\ (175\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}541\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}974\\ (200\ \mathrm{mcg}\ /\ 100\ \mathrm{UD})\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 60687\text{-}552\text{-}01\ \mathrm{packaged}\ \mathrm{from}\ \mathrm{NDC}\ 68180\text{-}975\\ \end{array}$ 

Distributed by:

American Health Packaging

Columbus, OH 43217

8445301/0220

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 25 mcg

NDC 60687-453-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 25 mcg (0.025 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 453 01 9 NDC 60687-453-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP **25 mcg** (0.025 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP......25 mcg (0.025 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-965, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

NDC 60687- **453**-01

# **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

25 mcg (0.025 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......25 mcg (0.025 mg)

745301 0445301/0419

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-965, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 745301 0445301/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel-Blister - 25 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **25 mcg (0.025 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 50 mcg

# NDC 60687-464-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP **50 mcg** (0.05 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 464 01 5 NDC 60687-464-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP **50 mcg** (0.05 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP......50 mcg (0.05 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

NDC 60687-464-01

## **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

Tablets USP

50 mcg (0.05 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-966, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

## **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......50 mcg (0.05 mg)

746401 0446401/0419

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-966, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

746401 0446401/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel – Blister – 50 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **50 mcg (0.05 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 75 mcg

NDC 60687-475-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 75 mcg (0.075 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 475 01 1 NDC 60687-475-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP **75 mcg** (0.075 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP......75 mcg (0.075 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-967, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

NDC 60687- **475**-01

## **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

75 mcg (0.075 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......75 mcg (0.075 mg)

747501 0447501/0419

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-967, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

747501 0447501/0419

## Package/Label Display Panel – Blister – 75 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **75 mcg (0.075 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 88 mcg

NDC 60687-486-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 88 mcg (0.088 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 486 01 7 NDC 60687-486-01 **Levothyroxine Sodium** Tablets USP **88 mcg** (0.088 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP...... 88 mcg (0.088 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-968, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 748601 0448601/0419

NDC 60687- **486**-01

# **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

88 mcg (0.088 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

## **Each Tablet Contains:**

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-968, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

748601 0448601/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel - Blister - 88 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **88 mcg (0.088 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 100 mcg

NDC 60687-497-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 100 mcg (0.1 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 497 01 3 NDC 60687-497-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 100 mcg (0.1 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP......100 mcg (0.1 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-969, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 749702 0449701/0419

NDC 60687- **497**-01

# Levothyroxine Sodium

Tablets USP

100 mcg (0.1 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......100 mcg (0.1 mg)

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-969, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 749702

749702 0449701/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel - Blister - 100 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **100 mcg (0.1 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 112 mcg

NDC 60687-508-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 112 mcg (0.112 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 508 01 6 NDC 60687-**508**-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 112 mcg (0.112 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only **Each Tablet Contains:** Levothyroxine Sodium USP......112 mcg (0.112 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-970, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 750802 0450801/0419

NDC 60687- **508**-01

# **Levothyroxine Sodium**

**Tablets USP** 

112 mcg (0.112 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

## **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......112 mcg (0.112 mg)

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-970, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 750802 0450801/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel – Blister – 112 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP 112 mcg (0.112 mg)

Package/Label Display Panel – Carton – 125 mcg

NDC 60687-519-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 125 mcg (0.125 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 519 01 2 NDC 60687-519-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 125 mcg (0.125 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only **Each Tablet Contains:** Levothyroxine Sodium USP......125 mcg (0.125 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-971, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

NDC 60687- **519**-01

## **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

125 mcg (0.125 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10)0000000000Rx Only

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......125 mcg (0.125 mg)

751901 0451901/0419

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-971, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 751901 0451901/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel – Blister – 125 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **125 mcg (0.125 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 137 mcg

NDC 60687-563-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 137 mcg (0.137 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 563 01 5 NDC 60687-**563**-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 137 mcg (0.137 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only **Each Tablet Contains:** Levothyroxine Sodium USP...... 137 mcg (0.137 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-972, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 756301 0456301/0220

NDC 60687- **563**-01

# **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

137 mcg (0.137 mg)

**100 Tablets (10 x 10)** 

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP...... 137 mcg (0.137 mg)

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-972, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 756301 0456301/0220

# Package/Label Display Panel – Blister – 137 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **137 mcg (0.137 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 150 mcg



NDC 60687- **530**-01

# **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

150 mcg (0.15 mg)

**100 Tablets (10 x 10)** 

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

Levothyroxine Sodium USP......150 mcg (0.15 mg)

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-973, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 753001 0453001/0419

# Package/Label Display Panel - Blister - 150 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **150 mcg (0.15 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 175 mcg

NDC 60687-541-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP 175 mcg (0.175 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only (01) 0 03 60687 541 01 3 NDC 60687-541-01 Levothyroxine Sodium Tablets USP **5 mcg** (0.175 mg) 100 Tablets (10 x 10) Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Levothyroxine Sodium USP...... 175 mcg (0.175 mg) Usual Dosage: See package insert for full prescribing information. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture. Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children. FOR YOUR PROTECTION: Do not use if blister is torn or broken. The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-974, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217

NDC 60687-541-01

Levothyroxine Sodium

Tablets USP

175 mcg (0.175 mg)

100 Tablets (10 x 10) 00000000000Rx Only

**Each Tablet Contains:** 

754101 0454101/0419

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**Store** at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Protect from light and moisture.

Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-974, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Packaged and Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 754101 0454101/0419

## Package/Label Display Panel - Blister - 175 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **175 mcg (0.175 mg)** 

Package/Label Display Panel - Carton - 200 mcg



NDC 60687- **552-**01

#### **Levothyroxine Sodium**

Tablets USP

200 mcg (0.2 mg)

**100 Tablets (10 x 10)** 

#### **Each Tablet Contains:**

**Usual Dosage:** See package insert for full prescribing information.

**Store** at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture.

## Keep this and all drugs out of reach of children.

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION:** Do not use if blister is torn or broken.

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 68180-975, Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Distributed by: American Health Packaging Columbus, Ohio 43217 755201 0455201/0220

#### Package/Label Display Panel - Blister - 200 mcg



Levothyroxine Sodium Tablet USP **200 mcg (0.2 mg)** 

#### LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

<b>Product Information</b>			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-453(NDC:68180-965)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.025 mg	

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L 1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)		
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)		
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)		

Product Characteristics				
Color	orange (Peach)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L15	
Contains				

	Packaging				
:	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>	
	NDC:60687-453-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/28/2019		
	NDC:60687-453-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/28/2019	

<b>Product Information</b>			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-464(NDC:68180-966)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L 1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)		
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)		

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L16	
Contains				

l	Packaging				
	#	Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>
l	1	NDC:60687-464-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	12/12/20 19	
l	1	NDC:60687-464-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	12/12/20 19	

FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)

levothyroxine sodium tablet

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-475(NDC:68180-967)	
Route of Administration	ORAL			

	Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
ı	Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
	<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.075 mg

# Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)	
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)	
FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)	
FD&C BLUE NO. 2 (UNII: L06K8R7DQK)	

Product Characteristics			
Color	purple (Violet)	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	L17
Contains			

	Packaging			
ı	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>
ı	1 NDC:60687-475-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019	
ı	1 NDC:60687-475-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019		

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-486(NDC:68180-968)	
Route of Administration	ORAL			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SO DIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.088 mg	

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 OL1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		

MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)	
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)	
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)	
FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)	
D&C YELLOW NO. 10 (UNII: 35SW5USQ3G)	

Product Characteristics				
Color	green (Olive)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L19	
Contains				

ı	Packaging				
ı	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	Marketing End Date	
ı	1 NDC:60687-486-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019		
ı	1 NDC:60687-486-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019	

<b>Product Information</b>			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-497(NDC:68180-969)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.1 mg

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 OL1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MANNITOL (UNII: 30WL53L36A)	
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)	
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)	

Product Characteristics			
Color	ye llo w	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	L20
Contains			

	Packaging			
:	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	Marketing End Date
	NDC:60687-497-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019	
	NDC:60687-497-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019	

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-508(NDC:68180-970)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.112 mg

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 OL1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)	
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)	
<b>D&amp;C RED NO. 27</b> (UNII: 2LRS185U6K)	

Product Characteristics			
Color	pink (Rose)	Score	2 pieces

Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	L21
Contains			

	Packaging					
:	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>		
	NDC:60687-508-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019			
	NDC:60687-508-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product				

<b>Marketing Info</b>			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019	

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-519(NDC:68180-971)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.125 mg	

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L 1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)		
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)		
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)		
FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)		
FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)		
FD&C BLUE NO. 2 (UNII: L06K8R7DQK)		

Product Characteristics			
Color	brown (Tan)	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	L22

#### **Contains**

l	P	Packaging				
	#	Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>	
l	1	NDC:60687-519-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019		
	1	NDC:60687-519-11	$1\ \text{in}\ 1\ \text{BLISTER}$ PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019		

#### LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

levothyroxine sodium tablet

#### **Product Information**

Product TypeHUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUGItem Code (Source)NDC:60687-563(NDC:68180-972)Route of AdministrationORAL

# Active Ingredient/Active Moiety Ingredient Name Basis of Strength LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE UNII:Q51BO43MG4) LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS 0.137 mg

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)				
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L 1HH48)				
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)				
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)				
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)				
FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)				

Product Characteristics				
Color	turquoise	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L23	
Contains				

## **Packaging**

	#	Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>
l	1	NDC:60687-563-01	100 in 1 BOX	03/15/2020	
l	1	NDC:60687-563-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA209713	03/15/2020		

<b>Product Information</b>			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-530(NDC:68180-973)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.15 mg

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L 1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)		
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)		
FD&C BLUE NO. 2 (UNII: L06K8R7DQK)		

Product Characteristics				
Color	blue	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L24	
Contains				

]	Packaging					
#	t Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>		
1	NDC:60687-530-01	100 in 1 BOX	10/07/2019			
1	NDC:60687-530-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product				

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019		

<b>Product Information</b>			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-541(NDC:68180-974)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.175 mg	

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)	
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)	
FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)	
<b>D&amp;C RED NO. 27</b> (UNII: 2LRS185U6K)	

Product Characteristics				
Color	purple (Lilac)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	L25	
Contains				

l	Packaging				
l	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	Marketing End Date	
l	1 NDC:60687-541-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	10/07/2019		
l	1 NDC:60687-541-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	10/07/2019	

levothyroxine sodium tablet

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:60687-552(NDC:68180-975)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
<b>LEVOTHYRO XINE SODIUM</b> (UNII: 9J765S329G) (LEVOTHYRO XINE - UNII:Q51BO43MG4)	LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM ANHYDROUS	0.2 mg

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 O L1HH48)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
MANNITOL (UNII: 30WL53L36A)		
SODIUM BICARBONATE (UNII: 8MDF5V39QO)		
FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)		

Product Characteristics			
Color	pink	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	L26
Contains			

	Packaging			
ı	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>
ı	1 NDC:60687-552-01	100 in 1 BOX, UNIT-DOSE	03/15/2020	
ı	1 NDC:60687-552-11	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA209713	03/15/2020	

# Labeler - American Health Packaging (929561009)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
American Health Packaging		929561009	repack(60687-453, 60687-464, 60687-475, 60687-486, 60687-497, 60687-508, 60687-519, 60687-563, 60687-530, 60687-541, 60687-552)

Revised: 3/2020 American Health Packaging